The British and the weather

Before you watch

- 1 SPEAKING Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 Have you ever visited Britain? If so, what was it like? If not, would you like to go?
 - 2 Do you know any British people? How would you describe their personalities?
 - **3** What do you think foreigners think about people from your country?

Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Which of these is a stereotype about British people?
 - **a** They are polite.
 - **b** They are happy.
 - **c** They are generous.
 - 2 What do most British people like talking about?
 - **a** sport **b** politics
 - 3 What percentage of people check the weather forecast every day?

c the weather

- **a** 17% **b** 57% **c** 70%
- Watch again. Number the types of weather in the order you first see them (1–4).





A rainy ____

B snowy





C sunny ____

D windy ____

4 Natch again. Complete the sentences with the words below. There are two extra words.

er	nbarrassea	extreme	Tinish	interesting	mila	pnrases	start	word
1	British peop	ole are		_ to talk abou	t certai	n things.		
2	Some peop	le talk abou	it the we	eather becaus	e it is a	n	SL	ıbject.
3	The weathe	er in Britain	is usuall	у				
4	In Britain, _		_ weath	er is unusual.				
5	People ofte	n	cor	versations by	talking	g about the	e weath	er.
6	There are h	undreds of	weathe	·	_ in the	English la	nguage	

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

How do you think people in your country are different to British people?

5	RECYCLE	Match the adjectives below with the sentences that they de	scribe.
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confused embarrassed relieved shocked upset
1 I don't understand what he just said about the meeting. ______
2 Oh dear, that's so sad. I think I'm going to cry. ______
3 You've found my phone and my keys! Phew! I was really worried I'd lost them. ______
4 I can't believe I forgot the words to the song. Everyone in the audience saw me! _____
5 Did you see the news? There's a fire at the school! I can't believe it. _____

7 Complete the text with the words below.

awkward controversial emotion stereotype

٨	difford	nt view	oftha	Dritic	h
А	amere	nt view	oi tiie	Driusi	n

Visitors to Brita	ain often say the fo	od is terrible, it rains all th	e time and the British		
people never s	how ¹	. But this is a ²	_ that many foreign pe	eople	
who live in Brit	ain don't agree wit	h. While British people m	ay seem 3	or	
shy at first, once they become friends, they can be warm and friendly. And don't worry,					
you can talk about more than the weather, as British people enjoy talking about more					
4	topics like politics a	and religion with their frie	nds.		

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Make a presentation that gives advice to foreign people who want to live in your country. Think about the following:
 - how to introduce yourself
 - how to make friends
 - what to do when you go to someone's house
 - what is polite and impolite in your country
- 9 Give your presentation. Use the key phrases for giving advice.

Giving advice

I think / don't think you should ...

You need to ...

You have to ...

You should ...

That's my advice.

The British landscape

Before you watch

- 1 **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What different landscapes are there in your country?
 - 2 What do you know about the different landscapes in Britain?
 - 3 Look at the photos. Which of these landscapes do you think is in Britain?







Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Where in England is Dartmoor?
 - **a** in the south-west **b** in the north-west **c** in the south-east
 - **2** Where is Yorkshire?
 - **a** in the south **b** in the north **c** in the west
 - **3** Where is the Lake District near to?
 - **a** Dartmoor **b** the Yorkshire moors **c** Devon
- Watch again. Tick the landscape features that are in the UK.

a	lakes	e	valleys	
b	hills	f	volcanoes	
c	deserts	g	caves	
d	streams	h	mountains	

- 4 Watch again. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Ben Nevis is the highest **mountain** / **forest** in Britain.
 - 2 Loch Morar is 310 / 770 metres deep.
 - **3** Galloway **Mountain / Forest** is in Scotland.
 - 4 Moorlands are usually hilly, rocky and icy / wet.
 - 5 Dartmoor covers 915 / 954 square kilometres.
 - **6** Emily Brontë wrote about the Yorkshire **lakes** / **moors** in *Wuthering Heights*.
 - 7 Over 12 million people visit the Lake District every **summer** / **year**.
 - 8 Beatrix Potter wrote stories for children / adults.

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

Would you like to visit Dartmoor and the Yorkshire moors? Why? / Why not?

6 RECYCLE Complete the sentences with the adjectives below.

da	ark	deep	narrow	rocky	shallow	steep				
ı	The	e road to	the top o	of the hil	l was so _		that	we couldn	't cycle u	p it.
2	Υοι	ı can't s	wim in th	e strean	n because	the wat	er is too _			
3	It w	as diffi	cult to see	e anythii	ng in the $_$		cave	2.		
4	The	water	is very		here. Y	ou can't	see the b	oottom.		
5	The	coast i	s very		here. Th	nere isn'	t a sandy	beach.		
6	The	stream	n is quite _		here	. It's eas	y to jump	over it.		

7 Complete the text with the words below.

moorland plant remote scenery

Rannoch Moor					
Rannoch Moor is a large area of 1 in the highlands of Scotland.					
It is a ² area; the nearest town is Glencoe, over two hours away by car.					
But with mountains, lakes and forests nearby, the ³ is spectacular and					
there is plenty to see. Purple heather grows everywhere on the hills, and in August,					
tourists can come and see the beautiful flowers of this famous Scottish 4					

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Use the internet to find photos of some beautiful landscapes in your country. Then make a poster about the most beautiful places in your country. Include the following:
 - descriptions of the places in the photos
 - some information about the places
 - when is the best time to visit
- **9** Present your poster to the class. Use the key phrases for describing photos.

Describing photos

This photo shows ... In the foreground / background ... On the left / right ... It looks like ...

The CSI effect

Before you watch

1	SPEAKING	Work in	pairs.	Answer	the c	uestions.
---	-----------------	---------	--------	--------	-------	-----------

- 1 What are your favourite TV shows?
- **2** Are they made in your country or abroad?
- 3 What other foreign TV shows are popular in your country? Where are they from?

Comprehension check

2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.

- 1 The X Factor and Mr Bean are from
 - **a** the USA. **b** Britain. **c** Dubai.
- **2** *CSI* is a TV show from
 - **a** the USA. **b** Australia. **c** Canada.
- **3** CSI is popular
 - **a** in the USA. **b** in Britain. **c** all over the world.

3 Watch again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 In 2011, CSI had 63 million viewers in the world. true / false
- 2 Students can now study the TV show at university. true / false
- 3 The scientists in CSI work in the same way as real forensic scientists. true / false
- 4 The forensic scientist in the DVD clip finds something on a TV screen. true / false
- 5 The forensic scientist makes notes on a tablet. true / false
- 6 The forensic scientist in the DVD clip collects the evidence and then interviews the suspects. true / false

4 Watch again. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs below.

ar	nalyse	export	know	photograph	specialise	study	touch	
1	Britain	l	T\	/ shows like <i>Ski</i>	ns to differe	nt count	tries.	
2	Now, r	nore peo	ple	forer	isic science a	t univer	sity because of <i>CSI</i> .	
3	The fo	rensic sci	entists c	on <i>CSI</i>	the evi	dence in	the laboratory.	
4	In real	life, forer	nsic scier	ntists	in diffe	rent are	as.	
5	The fo	rensic sci	entist in	the DVD clip_		the evi	dence before he	it
6	People	2	m	ore about fore	nsic science	because	of CSI.	

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

Do you watch CSI or a similar programme? Do you like it? Why? / Why not?

6 RECYCLE Complete the TV guide with the words below.

drama plot script sitcom special effects talent show

TV tonight			
7.00 p.m.	Dancing Shoes	Celebrities dance for a place in next week's final of this popular	
8.00 p.m.	Up and Away	A new series of this very funny ² will make you laugh.	
8.30 p.m.	The Street Episode 6	Author Greg Jackson wrote the 3 for this period 4 about life on a small street in 1930s Liverpool.	
9.15 p.m.	Gravity	Sandra Bullock and George Clooney star in this gripping science fiction film. The film has a simple ⁵ about an astronaut in space trying to get back to Earth, but the ⁶ are spectacular and very realistic.	
11.00 p.m.	News and weather	The national news and weather followed by news from where you live	

7 Complete the text with the words below.

entertainment value global ratings viewers

GAME OF THRONES

Game of Thrones is a fantasy drama s	set in the fictional continents o	of Westeros and		
Essos. It was first on TV in the USA in	n 2011, but now has a 1	audience of		
hundreds of millions, with ²	in the USA, the UK, Austi	ralia, China, India		
and around the world. Its 3	show that it is one of the r	nost popular TV		
shows ever. The drama may not be very realistic or informative, but it is high on				
⁴ , which is why it is pop	oular all over the world.			

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Invent a TV channel and decide together what you want to be on the channel one Saturday evening. Then write a guide like the one in exercise 6 for what is on the channel from 7.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Include:
 - the names and types of the TV programmes.
 - descriptions of the programmes.
 - your opinions of the programmes.
 - one film in the guide.
- **9** Look at the other groups' guides and choose which channel you would like to watch. Use the key phrases for making and justifying a choice.

Making a choice	Justifying a choice
I'd rather	I've chosen because
I prefer (to)	The reason for my choice is
I think will be more entertaining.	I would / wouldn't find it
I'll opt for	

The English language

Before you watch

- 1 SPEAKING Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What other languages can you speak apart from English?
 - 2 Is your language similar to any other languages? Which ones?
 - 3 Do you know any words in your language that are similar or the same in English?

Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Where did the Anglo-Saxons come from?
 - **a** France **b** Germany **c** Denmark
 - **2** Where did the Vikings come from?
 - a France and Norway
 - **b** Germany and Denmark
 - **c** Denmark and Norway
 - 3 Where did the Normans come from?
 - **a** France **b** Germany **c** Denmark
- Watch again. Match the English words (1–6) with who or where they came from (a–f).
 - 1 house
 2 cake
 3 field
 4 firewall
 5 ball
 6 inbox
 a the internet
 b the Anglo-Saxons
 d the Anglo-Saxons
 e the Vikings
 f the Vikings
- 4 Watch again. Are the sentences true or false? Correct the false sentences.
 - 1 The Anglo-Saxons invaded England in the 1500s. true / false
 - 2 The Vikings came to England after the Anglo-Saxons. true / false
 - 3 Jorvik is the Viking name for the city of York. true / false
 - 4 In 1066, the Normans conquered England. true / false
 - 5 The Norman rulers spoke English. true / false
 - 6 English is the first language in the USA. true / false

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

Do you think English is an easy or difficult language to learn? Why?

6 Complete the text about the Romans in Britain with the correct form of the words below.

battle conquer invade rule settle tribe



The Romans in Britain

When the Rom	ans 1 Britain in 43 AD, th	nere were many different
2	living there. At first, the Romans 3	in southern England,
but over the ne	xt forty years they moved north and	west, and during that time they
4	the southern three-quarters of Britain	. In 71 AD, Roman leaders sent their
armies into Sco	otland. They fought many 5	with the Scottish tribes, but
were never suc	cessful, and the Romans never ⁶	in Scotland.

Extension

- Work in groups. Draw a map of your country and the surrounding countries in the region. Choose a 200-year period. Use the internet to find out:
 - which tribes and countries invaded or settled in your country.
 - where and when important battles took place.
 - what influence these people had on the country.

Use arrows and pictures to draw these on the map.

8 Do you think these invasions had a positive or negative effect on your country, the language and culture? Why? Use the key phrases for expressing opinions.

Expressing opinions

I think / don't think that ... In my opinion, ... It seems to me that ... To be honest, ... As I see it, ... I imagine that ...

Marks & Spencer

Before you watch

1	SPEAKING	Work in	pairs.	Answer	the c	questions.
---	-----------------	---------	--------	--------	-------	------------

- 1 What famous shops are there in your country?
- 2 What do they sell?
- 3 What do you know about the history of these shops?
- 4 Are there Marks & Spencer shops in your country?

Comprehension check

2	I	Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
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- 1 Where was Michael Marks from?
 - **a** England **b** Belarus **c** Scotland
- 2 When did Marks & Spencer begin?
 - **a** 1882 **b** 1885 **c** 1894
- ${\bf 3} \quad \text{Which of these things can you see in the clothes section of the Marks\,\&\,Spencer\,shop?}$
 - **a** aeroplane **b** motorbike **c** car

3 Natch again. Complete the text with the words below.

250 361 700 85,000 businessman cashier Leeds online retailer website

Marks & Spencer is a famous British 1 It began in 2 in 1894, when Michael Marks, a 3 from Belarus, asked Thomas Spencer, a 4 for a wholesale company, to work with him. They were very successful and the business grew quickly.	
Today, there are over 5 stores in the UK and 6 in the rest of the world. They also have a large 7 business, so customers can buy many things from their 8 Today, Marks & Spencer employs over 9 people, but they plan to expand and open 10 new stores in other countries.	

4 Watch again. Number the events (A–F) in the order that they happened.

- **A** ____ Michael Marks asked Isaac Dewhirst to work with him.
- **B** ____ Michael Marks became successful and opened several shops.
- **C** ____ Michael Marks moved to Leeds.
- **D** ___ Thomas Spencer joined Michael Marks.
- **E** ___ The partnership was a huge success.
- **F** ____ Michael Marks borrowed some money from Isaac Dewhirst.

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the questions.

Would you like to start your own business? What would you do?

6 RECYCLE Choose the correct words.

- 1 My brother is a sales **agent** / **assistant** in a shop in the city centre.
- 2 My dad doesn't work nine-to-five. He works long hours / time.
- 3 I work in an office so I don't have to serve customers / staff in my job.
- 4 Chloe is always happy to get involved. I'm really pleased that she joined / had the team.
- 5 It's important to work as part of a staff / team.
- **6** My mum is a teacher and is usually on her legs / feet all day.

7 Complete the text with the words below.

brand business established expanded partnership revenue

A history of Aldi	
Aldi began in Germany in 1946 when brothers Karl and Theo Albrecht for the standard standard shops. Over the next four year thirteen stores in their region. They kept costs low by not or selling fresh produce, and by only having small shops. The same and by 1960 they had over 300 shops.	ears, they ot advertising
In 1962 they started using the name Aldi, and in 1967 they ⁴ countries. Today, the ⁵ is famous throughout Europe, Aust and has an estimated ⁶ of over €55 billion per year.	

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Imagine you're going to open a new shop together. Talk about:
 - what you would like to sell.
 - how you would develop your brand.
 - what you would do to expand and grow.
 - the problems of working with your partners.

Make a poster to advertise your shop.

9 Present your poster to the class. Use the key phrases for signposting what you say.

Signposting what you say An opinion A contrasting point In my opinion, ... Although ... Nevertheless, ... As I see it, ... On the other hand.... A reason That's because ... A paraphrase Therefore ... In other words, ... An example What I mean is, ... For example, ... For instance, such as ... An additional point What is more, ... Moreover, ... Not only that, ...

San Francisco

Before you watch

- 1 **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What visitor attractions are popular in your country?
 - **2** Can you describe them?
 - **3** Why do people visit them?

Comprehension check

2	•	Watch the DVD clip	o. Tick the things th	nat you see.
---	----------	--------------------	-----------------------	--------------

	old houses a spectacular bridge		f a busy streetg a steep hill	
c	a cathedral a harbour		h a crowded marketi a historic cable car	
	an island	H	i a mistoric cable cal	

3 Watch again. Complete the sentences with the words below.

16 million neighbourhood population prison seafood steep tourists



1	1 San Francisco has a of ur	nder 900,000.	
2	2 It is very popular with ar	nd over	visitors come here each year
3	3 Lombard Street is famous because it is	s very	-
4	4 Alcatraz Island is famous because of it	s large	
5	5 Fisherman's Wharf is ao	n the waterfront.	
6	6 There are many restaurants serving		

4 Watch again. Match the events (a-e) with the years (1-5).

	waten again. Maten t	···C	events (a c) with the years (1 3).
1	1873	a	The Golden Gate Bridge opens.
2	1933	b	Alcatraz prison opens.
3	1937	C	Alcatraz prison closes.
4	1963	d	Sea lions arrive at Fisherman's Wharf.
5	1989	e	Cable cars start working.

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the questions.

Would you like to visit San Francisco? Why? / Why not?

- **6 RECYCLE** Choose the correct words.
 - 1 The historic / remote centre was built over a thousand years ago.
 - 2 This hotel is so **expensive** / **boring** that only very rich people stay there.
 - 3 The views of the mountains were **spectacular / remote**.
 - 4 That restaurant is really **cheap** / **impressive** but the food is excellent.
 - **5** At night it's quiet and really **atmospheric** / **crowded**.
 - **6** The museum is really **romantic / busy** and there are always thousands of people there.
- 7 Complete the text with the words below.

attracts classical icon fascinating neighbourhoods symbol vibrant

Berlin		
Berlin is one of Europe's most 1	cities and it 2	over
25 million visitors every year. The city	y is full of interesting and fa	ashionable
3, including Kreuzberg a	nd Neukölln in the south, a	nd Prenzlauer
Berg in the east.		
The 4 of Berlin is the bear	r, and you can see pictures o	of bears
everywhere throughout the city. Ther	e are some fine examples o	f both modern
and 5 architecture and th	ne most famous landmark is	the Brandenburg
Gate, which has become an 6	of the city and its 7	history.
Berlin is a great city to explore and vi	sitors will certainly not be d	lisappointed.

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Make a leaflet about three visitor attractions in your town or city. Write about:
 - what you can do in these places.
 - when and where to go.
 - why they are popular.
- Present your leaflet to the class. Ask other groups for more information about the places. Use the key phrases for asking for information.

Asking for information

Could you tell me ...? Do you know ...? I'd like to know ... I was wondering if ...

The Wall Street Crash

Before you watch

- 1 **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 Why do people save money?
 - 2 Where do you keep money that you save?
 - 3 Do you know what this is? What happens here?



Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 What happened to the economy in the USA after the First World War?
 - **a** It grew. **b** It got smaller. **c** It stopped growing.
 - 2 What happened to the price of shares in the twenties?
 - **a** They fell. **b** They rose. **c** They stayed the same.
 - **3** What day was Black Monday?
 - **a** 28.09.1929 **b** 28.10.1929 **c** 28.11.1929
- Watch again. Complete the sentences with the correct words or numbers.

1	During the 1920s, share prices on the US stock market
2	But when share prices, people couldn't pay back the money they had borrowed.
3	In1929, the most important stocks started to fall in value.
4	On 24 October, people traded shares.
5	On the following Tuesday, the stock market lost \$ in value.
6	A lot of people lost their and

4 Natch again. Number the events (A–G) in the order that they happened.

- **A** ____ The crash caused an economic depression throughout the world.
- **B** ____ People started selling their shares.
- **C** ____ The stock market continued to fall, and in two days it lost 25% of its value.
- **D** ____ The banks lent more money to people to buy more shares.
- **E** ____ The heads of New York's biggest banks bought a large number of shares.
- **F** ___ The USA's economy grew quickly.
- **G** ____ The stock market started to fall in value.

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

Would you invest your money in stocks and shares? Why? / Why not?

_							
5	DECVCLE	Complete the	contoncoc	with the c	arrect form	of the verbe	holow
_	7446444	COMPLETE THE	SCHIEHCES	WILLI LIIC C	OHELLIOHII	OL LUC VELUS	DEIDW.

af	ford	borrow	buy	lend	lose	owe	pay	sell
1	If I ha	aven't got	any m	oney, I	usuall	y		some from my parents.
2	l can	't		a new	bicycle	, so l'm	going	g to repair my old one.
3	1		Danie	l £50 so	o he co	uld		a new phone last week.
4	Dani	el gave me	e £20 y	esterd	ay, but	he still		me £30.
5	We're	e going to			our h	ouse a	nd mo	ove to Scotland next year.
6	Anna	ı	a	lot of	money	when	she le	eft her wallet on the train.
7	How	much did	vou		f	or vou	r lapto	?מכ

7 Complete the text with the words below.

economy profit savings share price shares stock market trades

Buying	and	selling
--------	-----	---------

Most people l	keep their 1	_ in a bank. But Todd Phillips do	pesn't. He uses his savings to buy and sell
2	on the 3	He buys some shares in a comp	any, and when the 4 rises,
he sells them	and makes a 5	Every day he ⁶	lots of different shares. When the
7	$_{ extstyle }$ is growing, he can ma	ke a lot of money. But it isn't ec	asy and sometimes he loses a lot.

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. You have some money and you would like to buy shares in a company. Look at the descriptions of three new companies below. Talk about which company you think will be the most / least successful and why. Then agree on a company that you would like to buy shares in.
- 9 Have a class discussion about your ideas. Use the key phrases for making and summing up a choice.

Making a choice

There are a number of reasons why I'm going for / rejecting ...
For one thing, ... First of all, ... Secondly, ...
Thirdly, ... Finally, ...

Summing up your choice

1 Q+

All in all, ... is more appealing to me. Overall, ... would be best. So, for these reasons, I'm choosing ...



From 2018, we will offer customers trips into space on our space voyager aircraft. Our company was established in 2014 and employs over 100 people including designers, engineers and experienced pilots. We believe that space tourism is the future and expect that hundreds of people, including celebrities and millionaires, will want to travel with us to space.

Eco Electricity

4 b C +

Our company uses the power of the sun, the wind and the sea to produce electricity for thousands of homes. We were established in 2004 and have built five small power stations. We would like to build more power stations and produce more green electricity for people across the world.

homework-helper.com

Homework-helper.com is a free website that helps students with their homework. Our website can help students improve their results, plan their time, and revise for tests. Over 8,000 students currently use the site and we hope that in the future thousands more will register.

Crime writers

Before you watch

- 1 **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What types of books and stories do you enjoy reading?
 - 2 Do you know any famous writers of crime fiction? Who?
 - 3 Do you recognise this famous character? Who is he?

Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 When was Arthur Conan Doyle born?

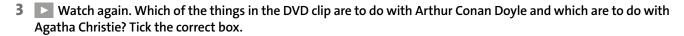
a 1859 **b** 1959 **c** 1856

2 When was Agatha Christie born?

a 1819 **b** 1890 **c** 1920

3 Which of the following was not one of Agatha Christie's characters?

a Hercule Poirot **b** Miss Marple **c** Moriarty



	Arthur Conan Doyle	Agatha Christi
1 Edinburgh		
2 Torquay		
3 two men on a train		
4 a statue		
5 300 million books		
6 a fight on a cliff		
7 some letters		
8 romantic fiction		

- 4 Watch again. Are the sentences true or false? Correct the false sentences.
 - 1 Arthur Conan Doyle was a teacher when he started writing. true / false
 - 2 Sherlock Holmes was in 56 novels by Conan Doyle. true / false
 - 3 Holmes and Moriarty have a fight in *The Final Problem*. true / false
 - 4 The Mysterious Affair at Styles was a love story. true / false
 - 5 Agatha Christie didn't like being famous. true / false
 - 6 Agatha Christie wrote crime and romantic stories. true / false

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the questions.

Have you ever read any of Agatha Christie or Arthur Conan Doyle's books? Which do you / would you prefer? Why?

7

6 RECYCLE Complete the sentences with the words below.

lues crime investigation murderer suspect thief	
The detectives launched the after they found a dead body in the library.	
Police arrested the who stole the diamonds.	
Miss Marple interviewed the to find out where he was at the time of the murder.	
Police searched the house for about what happened to the money.	
The went to prison for 25 years for killing the chef.	
The culprit said he committed the because he needed the money.	
Complete the speech bubbles with the words below.	
nastermind novelist puzzle revenge	
I love all her books. In fact, I think that Agatha Christie is my favourite 1	
V V	
I don't understand it. It's so complicated. There are so many things to think about. It's a real ²	
	T
She's a criminal 3 She planned everything carefully and committed the perfect crime.	
V	
One day, I'm going to get my 4 I'm going to find him and take what is mine.	
The state of the s	

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Use the internet to find out about a famous crime that happened in your country. Find out:
 - where and when it happened.
 - what the crime was, who did it and why.
 - how the police solved the crime.
 - what happened to the criminals.
- **9** Present your story to the class. Use the key phrases for talking about past events.

Talking about past events

It happened ...

It took place ...

It involved ...

There was / were ...

Tim Berners-Lee

Before you watch

- 1 **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 Have you got a smartphone? If so, what do you use it for?
 - 2 How often do you use the internet?
 - 3 What are your favourite websites?

Comprehension check

- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 About 10% of the world's population has a smartphone. **true / false**
 - 2 The World Wide Web allows people to share information on the internet. true / false
 - 3 Tim Berners-Lee is from Geneva in Switzerland. true / false
 - 4 HTML is a computer language. true / false

	7
3	Watch again. Number the things in the order that you see them.
	A an old computer
	B the World Wide Web
	C a library
	D a mobile phone
	E a laboratory
	F a computer language
	G a scientist

4 Watch again. Complete the sentences with the correct words.

1	A smartphone wouldn't work well without the
2	The internet is a of computers that share
3	Tim Berners-Lee comes from a family of
4	He studied at Oxford University.
5	In, he started work at the CERN laboratory.
6	He allowed everyone to use his computer language for
7	He launched the first website in

Round up

5 SPEAKING Work in groups. Answer the question.

What would you do if you couldn't use the internet for a week?

- 6 RECYCLE Match the gadgets (1–5) with the descriptions of how they are used (a–e).
 - 1 mobile phone
 - a I use it to listen to all my music.b I use it to speak to and text my friends.c I use it to play games. 2 digital camera3 MP3 player
 - **3** MP3 player d Tuse it to take photos.e Tuse it to do all of thes 4 games console
 - **5** smartphone **e** I use it to do all of these things!
- 7 Complete the sentences with the words below.

cable download IP address network send share wireless



1	You can this film for £3.95 if you want to watch it later.
2	You don't need a to connect to the internet. We have a connection.
3	If you click here, you can the photo with all your friends.
4	How many WhatsApp messages do you every day?
5	Every computer that is connected to the internet has a unique
6	There are six computers and a printer on our .

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. What do you think of the following statement? Do you agree or disagree with it? Why? Some people believe it would be good to upload our whole lives to the internet so that we have a record of everything we do, everyone we meet and everywhere we go.
- 9 Present the findings of your discussion to the class. Use the key phrases for agreeing and disagreeing.

Agreeing and disagreeing

I don't agree that ... I agree that ... I'm not sure that ... I wouldn't say that ...