SOLUTIONS ELEMENTARY 4 UNIT 7: DIGITAL WORLD MOVIE

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WHAT'S YOUR Plan for the Future?

DO YOU WANT TO BE A DOCTORP



What are the doing?



What are the doing? they are performing surgery. Who are they?



What are the doing?
they are performing surgery.
Who are they?
They are surgeons .



What are the doing? they are performing Who are they? They are surgeons. Were hospitals like this before?



What are the doing? they are performing Who are they? They are surgeons. Were hospitals like this before? **No!!!!**





THIS IS THE OLD OPERATING ROOM!

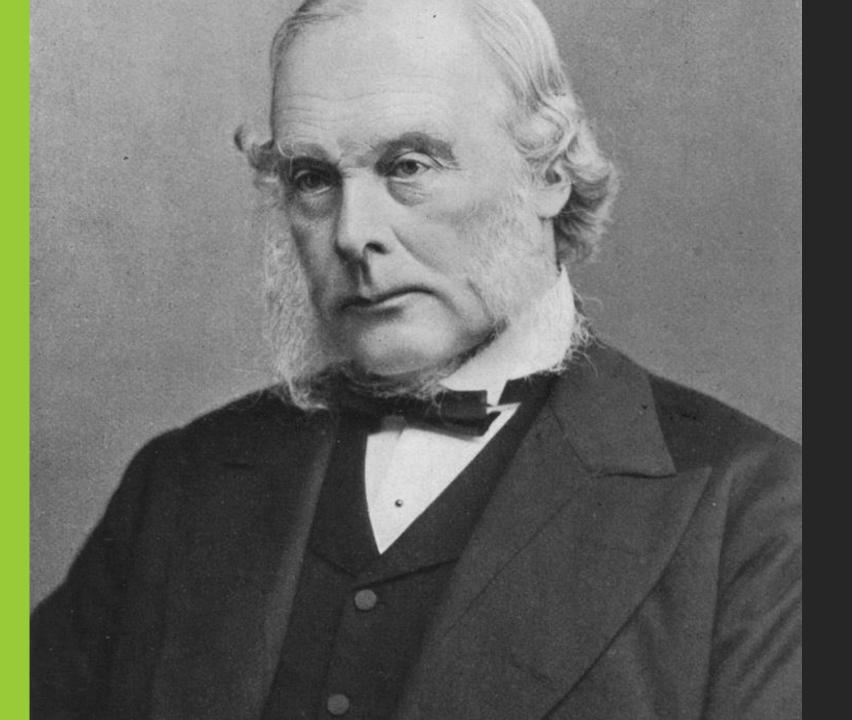
Was it clean?



THIS IS THE OLD OPERATING ROOM!

Was it clean?

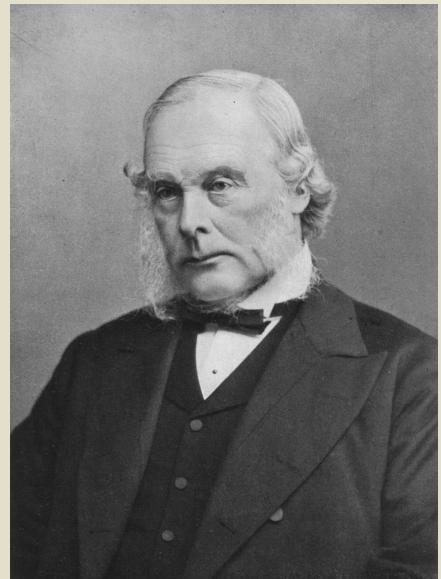
No!!!!

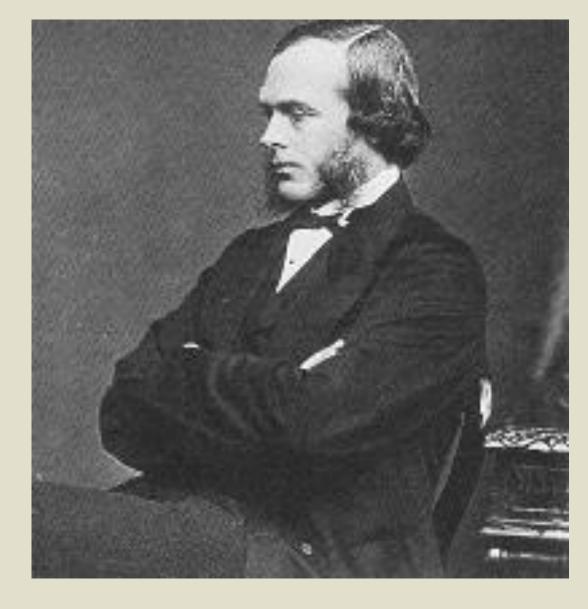


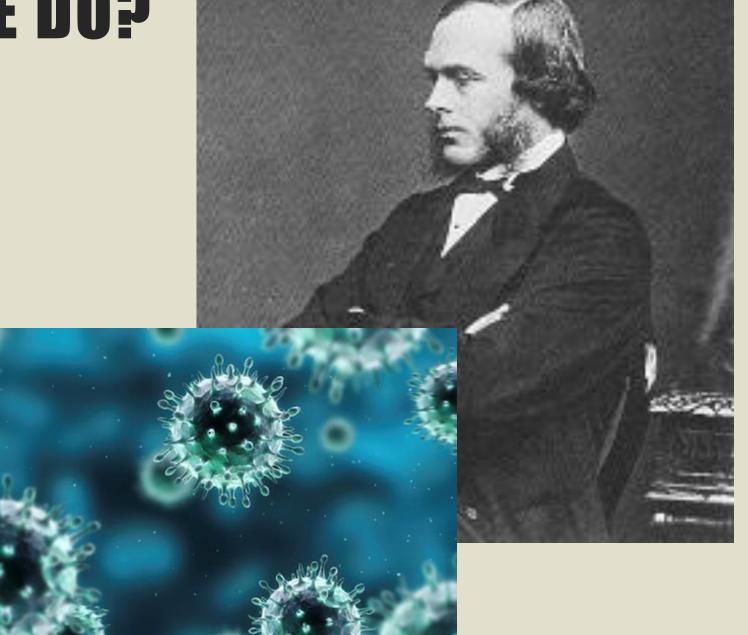
DO YOU KNOW HIM?

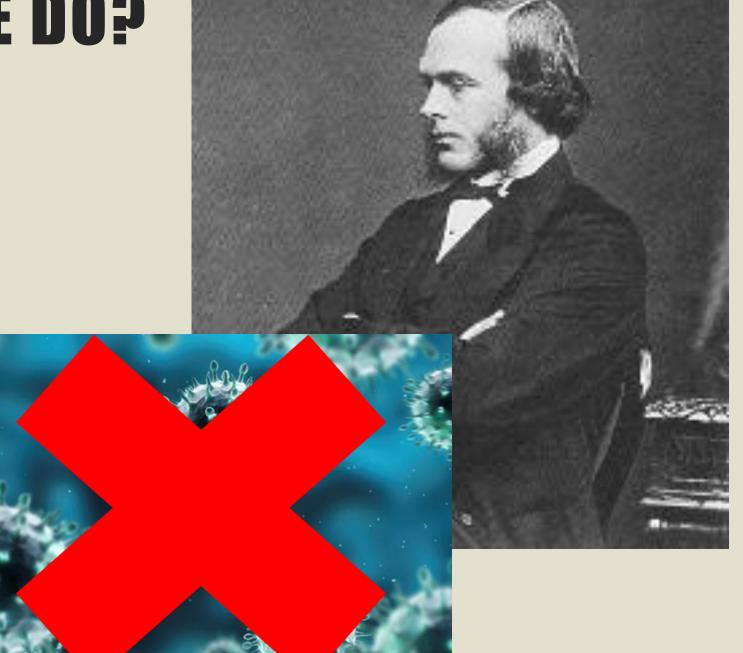
DO YOU KNOW HIM? Joseph Lister











• He invented antiseptic surgery.



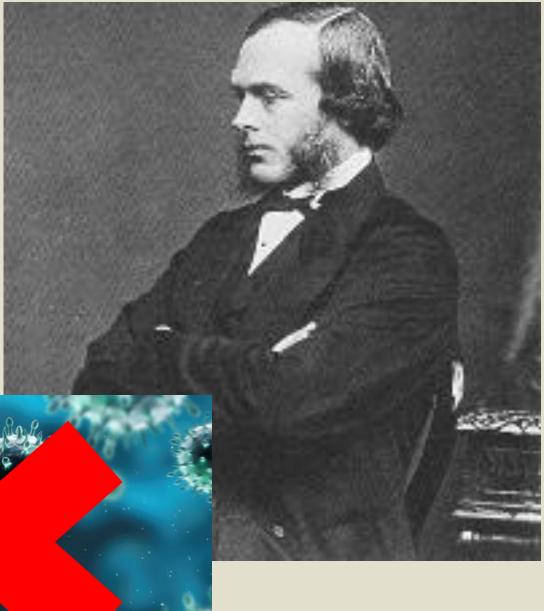
- He invented antiseptic surgery.
- Antiseptic: preventing the growth of disease-causing microorganisms.



- He invented antiseptic surgery.
- Antiseptic: preventing the growth of disease-causing microorganisms.

BUT HOW?





7 Joseph Lister

Before you watch

- SPEAKING Work in pairs. Answer the questions.
 - 1 When was the last time you cut yourself?
 - 2 What did you do?
 - 3 Where is the nearest hospital to you? Can you describe it?

Comprehension check

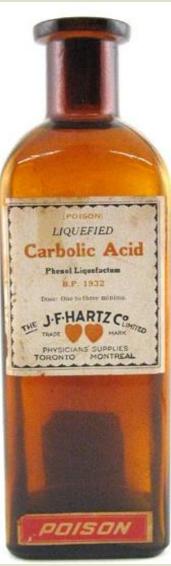
- 2 Watch the DVD clip. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 What are germs?
 - a things you use during an operation
 - **b** drugs
 - c living things that can make people ill
 - 2 Where was Joseph Lister born?
 - a Glasgow b near London c Edinburgh
 - 3 Which of these sentences is false about surgery today?
 - a Surgeons' hands and clothes are clean.
 - **b** Surgeons cover their mouths.
 - c Hospital staff can't kill germs in the operating theatre.

WHAT DID HE USE TO CLEAN HIS TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS?

WHAT DID HE USE TO CLEAN HIS TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS?

•Carbolic acid

A very poisonous chemical substance made from tar.



3 Watch again. Choose the correct words.

- 1 In the past, surgeons did / didn't wash their hands between operations.
- 2 Before the 19th century, hospitals were dirty / clean.
- 3 Joseph Lister studied medicine in London / Glasgow.
- 4 Doctors didn't use drugs / germs to help people sleep during an operation.
- 5 Patients didn't often live / die after an operation.
- 6 Lister found the answer to the problem in a book / the countryside.
- 7 Before he used antiseptics, about 15% / 45% of Lister's patients died during an operation.

4 Watch again. Complete the sentences with the words below.

cows diseases germs instruments lives water

- 1 Germs often carry ______ that can make people ill.
- 2 Antiseptics can kill ______ and make surgery safer.
- 3 Doctors didn't clean their _____ between operations.
- 4 Farmers used carbolic acid to treat ______.
- 5 Lister created the first antiseptic with carbolic acid and _____
- 6 Nowadays, antiseptics save lots of ______.

Vocabulary

6 RECYCLE Complete the text with the words and phrases below. There is one extra word / phrase. after finally first of all next to start off

How to prepare for an operation

¹______ with, surgeons should wash their hands and arms using special antiseptic liquid for about five minutes. ²______ that, they should use a brush and the liquid to clean their fingers and fingernails for about three minutes. ³______, they should use water to clean the antiseptic liquid away. After that, they should take a clean towel and dry their arms, hands and fingers. ⁴______, they should put on the special clean clothes they need to wear for the operation. They mustn't touch anything that is not clean.

7 Match the words below with the pictures from the DVD clip.

face mask operating theatre operation patient surgeon





4

5

Extension

- 8 Work in groups. Find out about another important invention that has saved lives. Write a presentation about the invention. Think about the following:
 - what the problem was
 - who the inventor was
 - the story of how they got the idea
 - how it changed people's lives

9 Give your presentation. Use the time expressions.

Time expressions Many years ago, ... Later, ... At that moment, ... Afterwards, ... In the end, ...



Preparation

1 Complete the time expressions with the words below.

i in the _____

2 Read the task and the text below. Underline five time expressions from exercise 1 in the story.

Write a story about a time when you were in a difficult situation and your phone (or another electronic device) helped you.



3 Explain in your own words how an electronic device helped Logan and Jack.

A bite for lunch by Logan

A few months ago, I was on a camping holiday with my friend, Jack. One day, we went for a walk in some woods. We stopped to have lunch and sat down in some long grass. At that moment, Jack jumped up.

'Ow! My leg!' he said. He showed me his leg. There was a large red mark on the skin and it was very painful. 'Was it a snake?' I asked.

'I don't know. I didn't see anything,' he replied.

Fortunately, my mum is a doctor. We took a photo of Jack's leg on my phone and sent it to her. A few moments later, she called. 'Don't worry,' she said. 'It isn't a snake bite. It's probably an insect.'

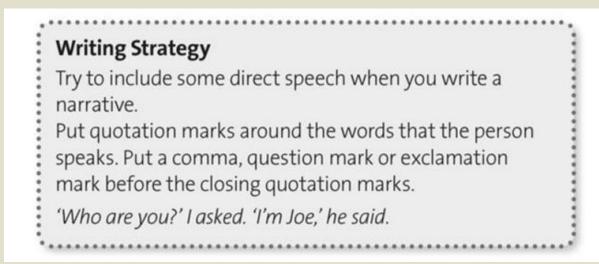
'So is it an emergency?' I asked.

'No, it isn't,' she replied. 'You don't have to go to hospital.' And she was right: the next day, Jack's leg was fine.

4 Form adverbs from these adjectives. Then add them to the sentences below.

amazing hard polite safe unfortunate

- 1 They worked ______ and finished quickly.
- 2 It was a bad flight, but we arrived ______ on the island.
- 3 ______, I got 100% in my maths test.
- 4 She smiled and asked ______ for her keys.
- 5 _____, we lost the match.



- 5 Read the Writing Strategy. Then add the missing punctuation to these sentences.
 - 1 'How long is the film I asked.
 - 2 Lucy smiled. I don't know she replied.
 - 3 'Who are you she asked. And why are you here
 - 4 'Help me he shouted. I can't swim!
 - 5 Don't worry said Ben. The water isn't very deep.

Writing Guide

- 6 Plan your own story using the task in exercise 2. Answer the questions with your own ideas.
 - 1 Where were you? When? Who were you with?
 - 2 What was the problem or difficult situation?
 - 3 What kind of electronic device helped you?
 - 4 How did you use the device to solve the problem?
 - 5 What happened in the end?

1	Write	a story.	Use your	notes fr	om exercise	e 6.
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ſ	CHECK YOUR WORK
0	Have you
	 included some direct speech with correct punctuation checked your spelling and grammar? used at least one adverb?

DON'T FORGET YOUR MIDTERMEXAM!