# SOLUTIONS PRE-INTERMEDIATE 1 **1C**

PEGAH BAHOJB GHASEMI

#### Past simple (affirmative)

I can use the past simple affirmative.

Grammar

18

### 1 Complete the sentences with the past simple affirmative form of the regular verbs below.

decide die drop look marry move stop study talk want

- 1 My dad \_\_\_\_\_ maths at university.
- 2 We live in Oxford. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ here five years ago.
- **3** Jason \_\_\_\_\_\_ at me and smiled.
- 4 The train \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the station and we got off.
- **5** Jenny \_\_\_\_\_\_ on the phone with her friend for over two hours!
- 6 In the end, we \_\_\_\_\_\_ to go on holiday to Italy, not to France.
- 7 The goalkeeper had the ball, but then he \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.
- 8 My mum \_\_\_\_\_ my dad in 1988.
- **9** I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to go to the shopping mall, but my mum said no.
- 10 Sadly, my grandma \_\_\_\_\_ last year. She was 98.

- 2 Complete the sentences. Use the past simple affirmative form of the irregular verbs in brackets.
  - 1 Emma tried on a green dress and a blue dress in the clothes shop, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (choose) the blue one.
  - 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ (find) £20 in the street last Saturday.
  - **3** We \_\_\_\_\_ (go) bowling yesterday evening.
  - 4 Somebody \_\_\_\_\_ (steal) my smartphone from my schoolbag.
  - 5 The film \_\_\_\_\_\_ (begin) at seven and finished at ten.
  - 6 It \_\_\_\_\_ (take) six hours to drive from London to Edinburgh.
  - 7 Hannah \_\_\_\_\_ (feel) relieved when she got her exam results.
  - 8 Tom and Matt \_\_\_\_\_ (be) upset that George didn't invite them to his party.
  - 9 We \_\_\_\_\_ (get) home at eight o'clock on Sunday.
  - 10 Millie \_\_\_\_\_\_ (spend) all her money on computer games.

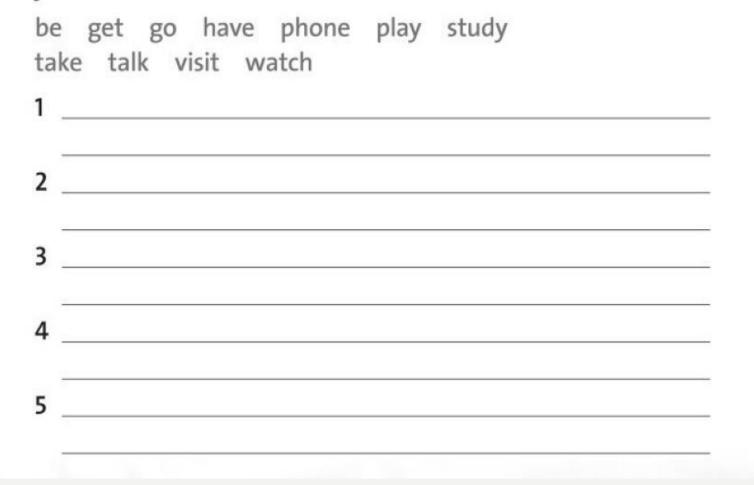
3 Complete the texts with the past simple affirmative of the verbs in brackets.

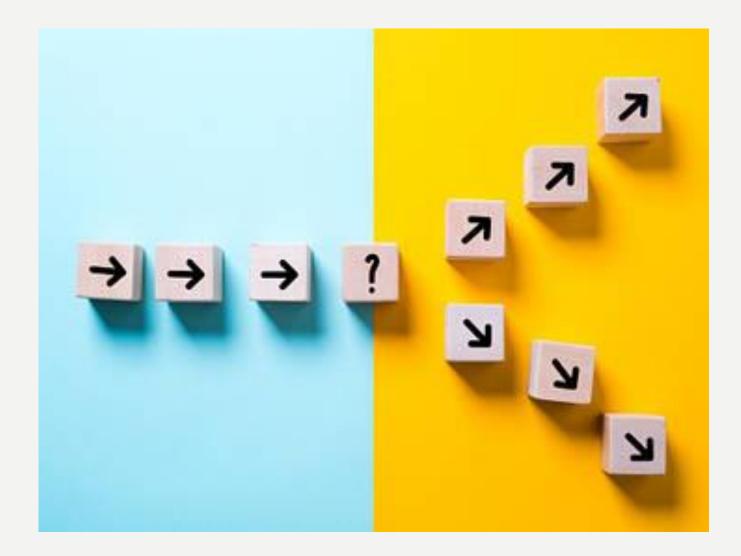
Callie Rogers 1\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) just sixteen when she 2\_\_\_\_\_\_ (win) the lottery in 2003. She 3\_\_\_\_\_\_ (give) up her job as a shop assistant and 4\_\_\_\_\_\_ (start) to spend her money. She 5\_\_\_\_\_\_ (take) her family on expensive holidays, 6\_\_\_\_\_\_ (invite) all her friends to big parties every weekend and 7\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) cosmetic surgery. Ten years later, she 8\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) just £2,000 left. But she's happy now. 'I 9\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) too young to win the lottery,' she 10\_\_\_\_\_\_ (say). Tom Crist <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (get) a big surprise when he <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (answer) his phone on 16 December 2013. He <sup>13</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) a lottery winner, and the prize <sup>14</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) enormous – \$40 million! He <sup>15</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (decide) not to tell anyone about the win. He immediately <sup>16</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (give) all the money to charities. 'I don't really need that money,' he <sup>17</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (say). 'My wife <sup>18</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (die) earlier in the year so I <sup>19</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (choose) cancer charities that <sup>20</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (help) her.'

### 4 Correct the verbs in sentences 1–5.

- 1 We was at home last night. X
- 2 I droped my phone on the floor. X
- 3 I gived my brother a book for his birthday. X \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 My sister studyed maths at university. X \_\_\_\_
- 5 I spended all my pocket money on sweets. X

5 Write five true sentences about what you did last weekend. Use past simple forms of the verbs below to help you, or your own ideas.





### DILEMMA



A situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more alternatives, especially ones that are equally undesirable.

## HAVE YOU EVER BEENINA DILEMMAP

**1 SPEAKING** Describe the photo. What are the girls doing? How are they feeling? What do you think they are saying?



### 2 SPEAKING In pairs, take turns to ask and answer the questions in the questionnaire. Are your answers the same?

You borrowed a DVD from your friend but now you can't find it. Do you ...

- a tell your friend the truth as soon as possible?
- b say nothing and hope your friend forgets about it?
- c secretly buy a new copy of the DVD?
- **d** keep looking for the DVD but say nothing yet?

- Your friend has stopped speaking to you and you don't know why. Do you ...
  - a send a message asking what the problem is?
  - **b** ask your other friends about it?
  - c insist on talking face-to-face with your friend?
  - **d** wait and see if the problem goes away?

You're friendly with a new student at school, but your old friends don't like him / her. Do you ...

- a stop spending time with the new student?
- b tell your old friends they aren't behaving well?
- c invite them all to your house so they can get to know one another?
- **d** continue to see them all, but separately?





## WHEN DO YOU PANICP

### Listening Strategy

- You do not have to understand every word in a listening
- task. Focus on the general meaning and try not to be
- distracted by words you do not understand.

- 3 No. 1.07 Read the Listening Strategy above and the three summaries of a dialogue below. Then listen to the dialogue. Which is the best summary?
  - a Zak refuses to go out with Tom because he's disappointed about his exam results.
  - b Zak is anxious about his exams and decides not to go out with Tom.
  - c Zak is relieved that his exams are six weeks away, and agrees to go out with Tom.

### HOW DO YOU GIVE Suggestion to Someone?

### LEARN THIS! should

- a We often use I think ... + should.
  - I think she should speak to her friend.
- b For the negative, we use I don't think ... + should (NOT I think + shouldn't).
  - I don't think we should borrow more money.

4 SPEAKING Read the Learn this! box. Then say what Zak should do. Use I (don't) think ... and the phrases below. calm down finish his revision plan stop revising go out with Tom revise tomorrow phone Tom soon

I think / don't think Zak should calm down.





### TAKE OFFENCE

To become angry or upset by something that another person has said or done.





MAKE AN EXCUSE To give a reasor

To give a reason for doing something you shouldn't do, or for not doing something you should do.

5 1.08 Listen to four dialogues. Match the dialogues
(A–D) with the sentences below. There is one sentence that you do not need.

The person with a problem:

- 1 accepts an offer of help. \_\_\_\_
- 2 does not follow the advice.
- **3** is embarrassed to ask for advice.
- 4 feels bad because a friend is cross.
- 5 refuses an offer of help.

- 6 1.09 Listen again to dialogues B, C and D. Complete the collocations (1-8) with the verbs below.
  - give have make make take take tell tell **Dialogue** A **Dialogue** C 1 make a plan

2 take a break

3 offence

4 \_\_\_\_\_ somebody a call

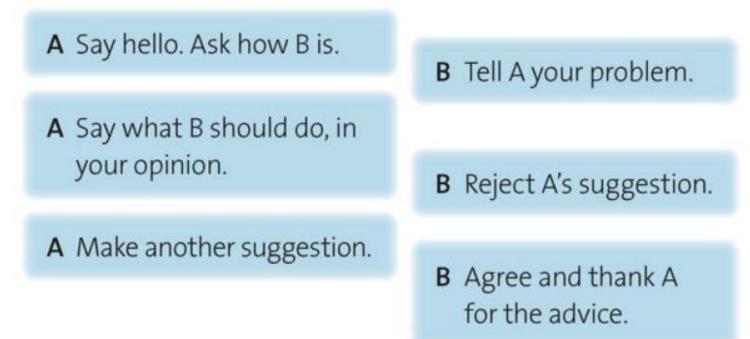
**Dialogue B** 

- 5 the truth
  - 6 \_\_\_\_\_ a word (with somebody)

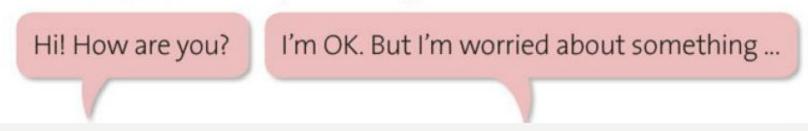
### **Dialogue** D

- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ an excuse
- 8 a lie

7 SPEAKING In pairs, plan a dialogue using the prompts below. Choose a problem and two suggestions from exercise 2 or use your own ideas.



#### **8 SPEAKING** Act out your dialogue to the class.



### **1**B

### Past simple (affirmative)

**1** Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the correct verbs.

1	buy go have
	Last weekend, my sister to the shopping
	centre with her friends. She a DVD and
	some books and then they lunch in town.
2	find give take
	Yesterday, I a wallet in the street. I
	it to the police station and it
	to the police officer there.
3	spend steal win
	Ted £500 in a competition and
	the money on a new bicycle. Unfortunately,
	someone it the following day.

#### **2** Complete Tanya's email with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Message Options
HiJen
Thanks for your letter! We're having a great holiday here in the UK.
We <sup>1</sup> (go) to London yesterday. We <sup>2</sup> (take) a bus to the station and then <sup>3</sup> (get)
a train to Paddington. The train journey <sup>4</sup> (be) really interesting. We <sup>5</sup> (talk) to a lovely family from
Peru. They <sup>6</sup> (be) here in England on holiday. We <sup>7</sup> (say) goodbye to them at Paddington and then
we <sup>8</sup> (walk) to Hyde Park.
We <sup>9</sup> (have) some sandwiches at a small café in the park, and then, after lunch, we <sup>10</sup> (spend) a lot
of money in Harrods – oh dear!
Hope you are well.
Lots of love
Tanya

**3** SPEAKING Work in groups. Play 'Spot the Lie!' Write seven true sentences and one false sentence about your weekend. Use the past simple. Then read out your sentences to the other students in your group. Can they spot the lie?

I talked to my aunt in Hong Kong.

Thad chocolate cake for breakfast. LIE!!!

I went to the cinema.

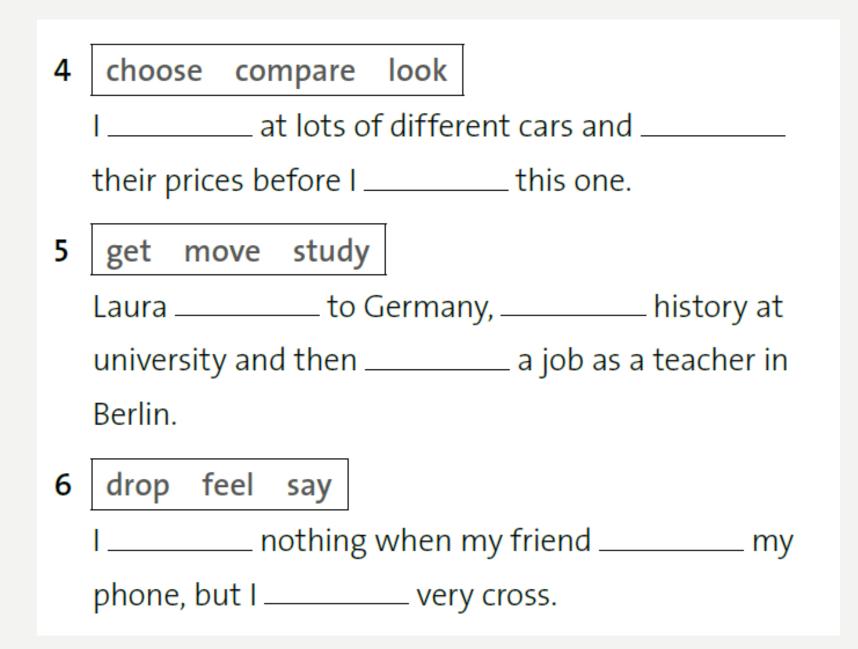
I won a prize in a competition.

I bought a new bag.

I broke my phone.

I argued with my friend.

I went ice skating.



# ASSIGNMENT: WORKBOOK- 1C LISTENING (PAMPHLET)

**DEADLINE: TUESDAY**