

SOLUTIONS PRE-INTERMEDIATE 1

UNIT 1: FEELINGS

1C

PEGAH BAHOJB GHASEMI

1B

Grammar

Past simple (affirmative)

I can use the past simple affirmative.

- 1 Complete the sentences with the past simple affirmative form of the regular verbs below.

decide die drop look marry move stop
study talk want

- 1 My dad _____ maths at university.
- 2 We live in Oxford. We _____ here five years ago.
- 3 Jason _____ at me and smiled.
- 4 The train _____ at the station and we got off.
- 5 Jenny _____ on the phone with her friend for over two hours!
- 6 In the end, we _____ to go on holiday to Italy, not to France.
- 7 The goalkeeper had the ball, but then he _____ it.
- 8 My mum _____ my dad in 1988.
- 9 I _____ to go to the shopping mall, but my mum said no.
- 10 Sadly, my grandma _____ last year. She was 98.

2 Complete the sentences. Use the past simple affirmative form of the irregular verbs in brackets.

- 1 Emma tried on a green dress and a blue dress in the clothes shop, and _____ (choose) the blue one.
- 2 I _____ (find) £20 in the street last Saturday.
- 3 We _____ (go) bowling yesterday evening.
- 4 Somebody _____ (steal) my smartphone from my schoolbag.
- 5 The film _____ (begin) at seven and finished at ten.
- 6 It _____ (take) six hours to drive from London to Edinburgh.
- 7 Hannah _____ (feel) relieved when she got her exam results.
- 8 Tom and Matt _____ (be) upset that George didn't invite them to his party.
- 9 We _____ (get) home at eight o'clock on Sunday.
- 10 Millie _____ (spend) all her money on computer games.

3 Complete the texts with the past simple affirmative of the verbs in brackets.

Callie Rogers ¹ _____ (be) just sixteen when she ² _____ (win) the lottery in 2003. She ³ _____ (give) up her job as a shop assistant and ⁴ _____ (start) to spend her money. She ⁵ _____ (take) her family on expensive holidays, ⁶ _____ (invite) all her friends to big parties every weekend and ⁷ _____ (have) cosmetic surgery. Ten years later, she ⁸ _____ (have) just £2,000 left. But she's happy now. 'I ⁹ _____ (be) too young to win the lottery,' she ¹⁰ _____ (say).

Tom Crist ¹¹ _____ (get) a big surprise when he ¹² _____ (answer) his phone on 16 December 2013. He ¹³ _____ (be) a lottery winner, and the prize ¹⁴ _____ (be) enormous – \$40 million! He ¹⁵ _____ (decide) not to tell anyone about the win. He immediately ¹⁶ _____ (give) all the money to charities. 'I don't really need that money,' he ¹⁷ _____ (say). 'My wife ¹⁸ _____ (die) earlier in the year so I ¹⁹ _____ (choose) cancer charities that ²⁰ _____ (help) her.'

4 Correct the verbs in sentences 1–5.

1 We was at home last night. ✗ _____

2 I droped my phone on the floor. ✗ _____

3 I gived my brother a book for his birthday. ✗ _____

4 My sister studyed maths at university. ✗ _____

5 I spended all my pocket money on sweets. ✗ _____

5 Write five true sentences about what you did last weekend.
Use past simple forms of the verbs below to help you, or
your own ideas.

be get go have phone play study
take talk visit watch

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____



DILEMMA



A situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more alternatives, especially ones that are equally undesirable.



**HAVE YOU EVER
BEEN IN A
DILEMMA?**

1 **SPEAKING** Describe the photo. What are the girls doing? How are they feeling? What do you think they are saying?



2 **SPEAKING** In pairs, take turns to ask and answer the questions in the questionnaire. Are your answers the same?

- 1** You borrowed a DVD from your friend but now you can't find it. Do you ...
- a** tell your friend the truth as soon as possible?
 - b** say nothing and hope your friend forgets about it?
 - c** secretly buy a new copy of the DVD?
 - d** keep looking for the DVD but say nothing yet?

- 2** Your friend has stopped speaking to you and you don't know why. Do you ...
- a** send a message asking what the problem is?
 - b** ask your other friends about it?
 - c** insist on talking face-to-face with your friend?
 - d** wait and see if the problem goes away?

- 3** You're friendly with a new student at school, but your old friends don't like him / her. Do you ...
- a** stop spending time with the new student?
 - b** tell your old friends they aren't behaving well?
 - c** invite them all to your house so they can get to know one another?
 - d** continue to see them all, but separately?



PANIC






**WHEN DO YOU
PANIC?**

Listening Strategy

You do not have to understand every word in a listening task. Focus on the general meaning and try not to be distracted by words you do not understand.

- 3  **1.07** Read the **Listening Strategy** above and the three summaries of a dialogue below. Then listen to the dialogue. Which is the best summary?
- a Zak refuses to go out with Tom because he's disappointed about his exam results.
 - b Zak is anxious about his exams and decides not to go out with Tom.
 - c Zak is relieved that his exams are six weeks away, and agrees to go out with Tom.



**HOW DO YOU GIVE
SUGGESTION TO
SOMEONE?**

LEARN THIS! *should*



a We often use *I think ... + should*.

I think she should speak to her friend.

b For the negative, we use *I don't think ... + should*
(NOT ~~I think + shouldn't~~).

I don't think we should borrow more money.

4 **SPEAKING** Read the **Learn this!** box. Then say what Zak should do. Use *I (don't) think ...* and the phrases below.

calm down finish his revision plan stop revising
go out with Tom revise tomorrow phone Tom soon

I think / don't think Zak should calm down.





TAKE OFFENCE


To become angry
or upset by
something that
another person
has said or done.






MAKE AN EXCUSE

To give a reason for doing something you shouldn't do, or for not doing something you should do.

5  1.08 Listen to four dialogues. Match the dialogues (A–D) with the sentences below. There is one sentence that you do not need.

The person with a problem:

- 1 accepts an offer of help. ____
- 2 does not follow the advice. ____
- 3 is embarrassed to ask for advice. ____
- 4 feels bad because a friend is cross. ____
- 5 refuses an offer of help. ____

6  1.09 Listen again to dialogues B, C and D. Complete the collocations (1–8) with the verbs below.

give have make ~~make~~ take take tell tell

Dialogue A

1 *make* a plan

2 *take* a break

Dialogue B

3 _____ offence

4 _____ somebody a call

Dialogue C

5 _____ the truth

6 _____ a word (with somebody)

Dialogue D

7 _____ an excuse

8 _____ a lie

7 SPEAKING In pairs, plan a dialogue using the prompts below. Choose a problem and two suggestions from exercise 2 or use your own ideas.

A Say hello. Ask how B is.

B Tell A your problem.

A Say what B should do, in your opinion.

B Reject A's suggestion.

A Make another suggestion.

B Agree and thank A for the advice.

8 SPEAKING Act out your dialogue to the class.

Hi! How are you?

I'm OK. But I'm worried about something ...

1B

Past simple (affirmative)

1 Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the correct verbs.

1 buy go have

Last weekend, my sister _____ to the shopping centre with her friends. She _____ a DVD and some books and then they _____ lunch in town.

2 find give take

Yesterday, I _____ a wallet in the street. I _____ it to the police station and _____ it to the police officer there.

3 spend steal win

Ted _____ £500 in a competition and _____ the money on a new bicycle. Unfortunately, someone _____ it the following day.

2 Complete Tanya's email with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Message Options [minimize] [maximize] [close]

Hi Jen

Thanks for your letter! We're having a great holiday here in the UK.

We¹ _____ (go) to London yesterday. We² _____ (take) a bus to the station and then³ _____ (get) a train to Paddington. The train journey⁴ _____ (be) really interesting. We⁵ _____ (talk) to a lovely family from Peru. They⁶ _____ (be) here in England on holiday. We⁷ _____ (say) goodbye to them at Paddington and then we⁸ _____ (walk) to Hyde Park.

We⁹ _____ (have) some sandwiches at a small café in the park, and then, after lunch, we¹⁰ _____ (spend) a lot of money in Harrods – oh dear!

Hope you are well.

Lots of love

Tanya

- 3 **SPEAKING** Work in groups. Play 'Spot the Lie!' Write seven true sentences and one false sentence about your weekend. Use the past simple. Then read out your sentences to the other students in your group. Can they spot the lie?

I talked to my aunt in Hong Kong.

I had chocolate cake for breakfast. **LIE!!!**

I went to the cinema.

I won a prize in a competition.

I bought a new bag.

I broke my phone.

I argued with my friend.

I went ice skating.

4 choose compare look

I _____ at lots of different cars and _____ their prices before I _____ this one.

5 get move study

Laura _____ to Germany, _____ history at university and then _____ a job as a teacher in Berlin.

6 drop feel say

I _____ nothing when my friend _____ my phone, but I _____ very cross.

**ASSIGNMENT:
WORKBOOK- 1C
LISTENING(PAMPHLET)**

DEADLINE: TUESDAY